



Food and Agriculture  
Organization of the  
United Nations



**European Bank**  
for Reconstruction and Development

# Vertical Farming

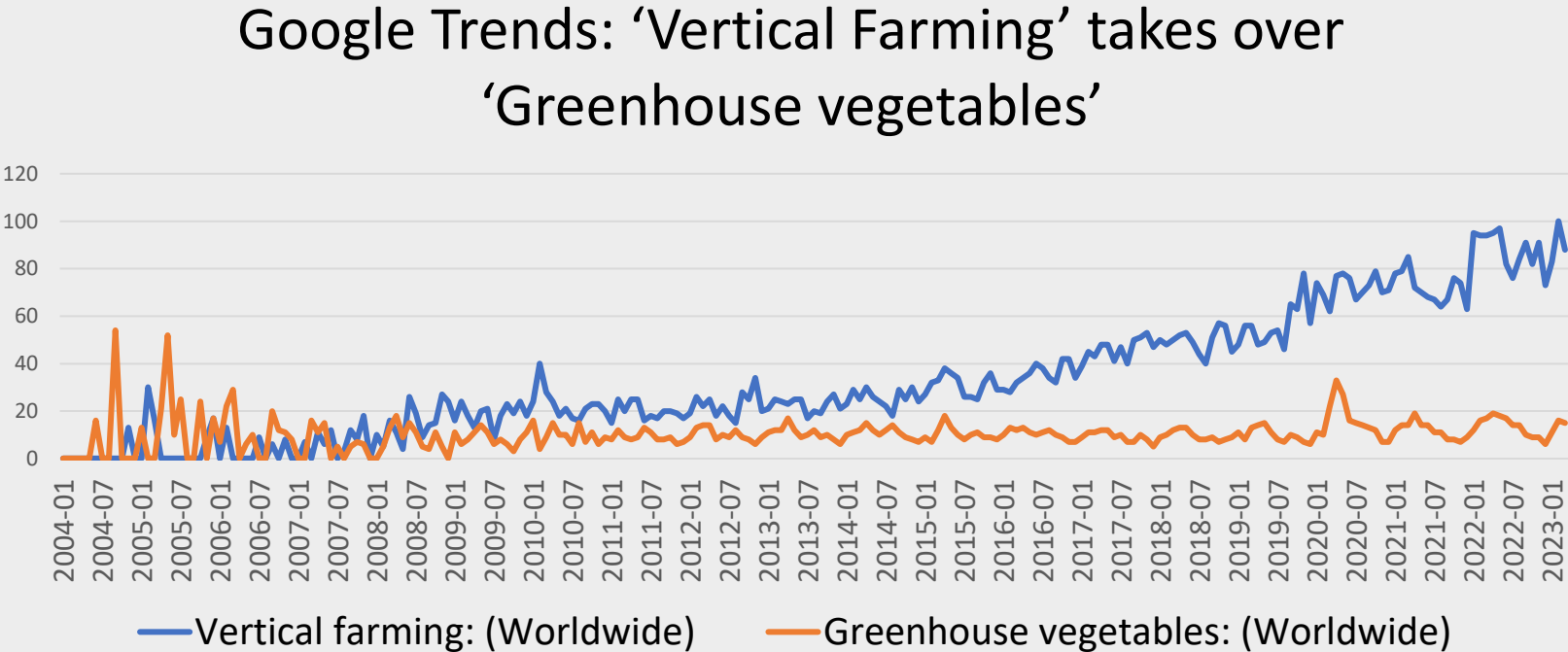
Business Models and  
Success Factors

**EAST**  **FRUIT**

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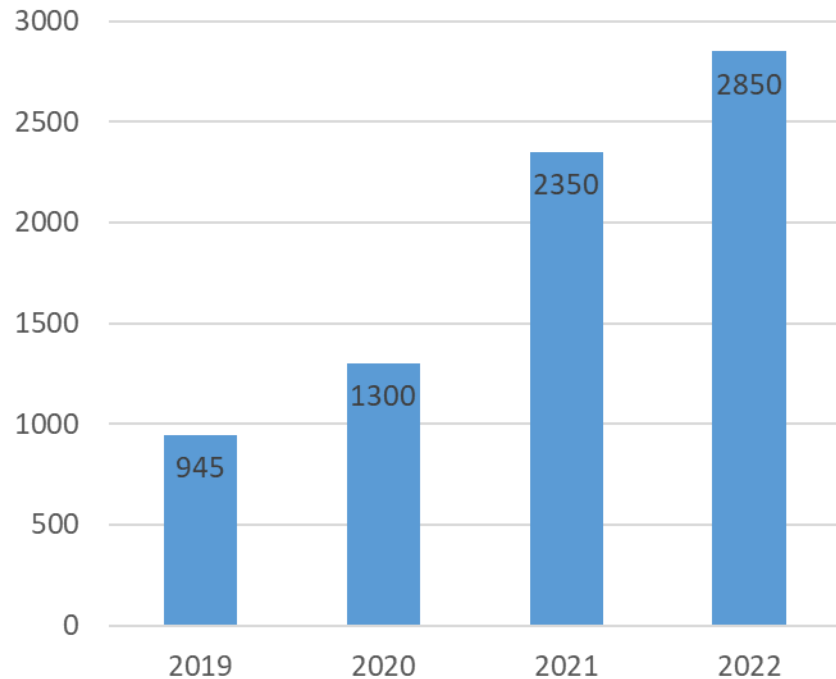
# Vertical farming is trending



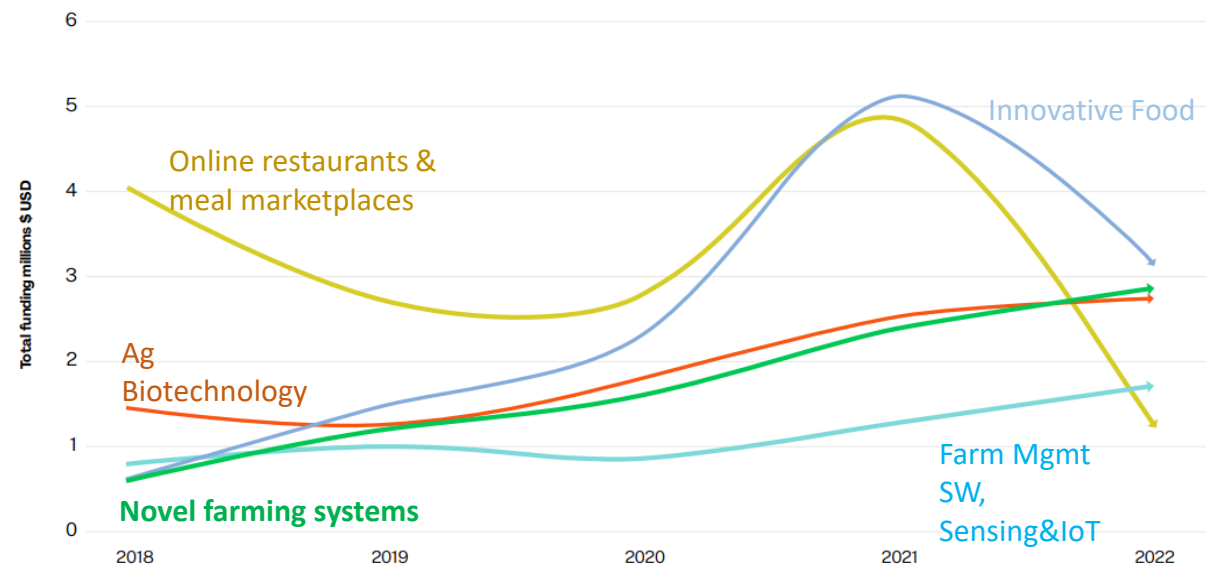
# Vertical farming attracts investments

In 2022 novel farming systems have attracted \$2.85 billion which is 21% year-over-year increase

Global investment in novel farming systems, \$ mln



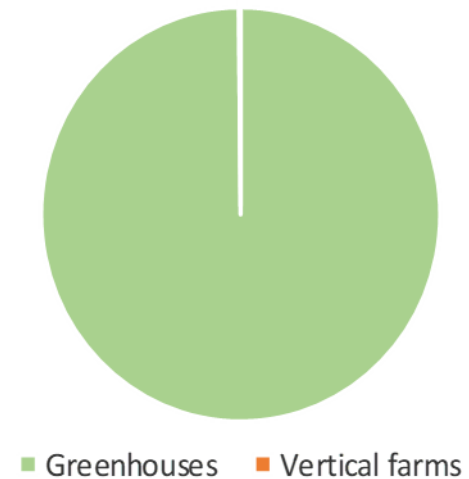
Funding by select categories  
YoY 2018-2022



# How is the vertical farming influencing fresh produce market?

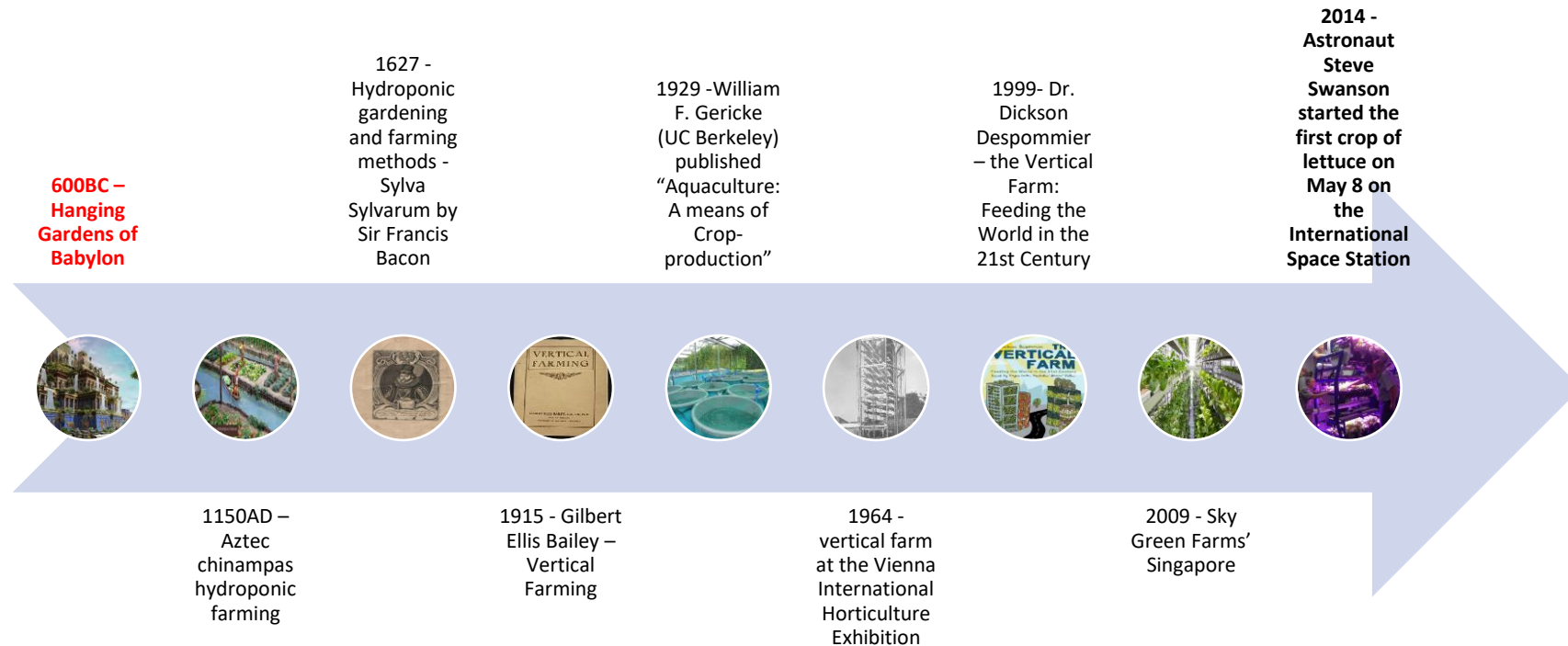
- The global area of vegetables and herbs grown in greenhouses is estimated at about 500 000 ha, of which about 40 000 ha in glasshouses and remaining – under plastic
- While vertical farms occupy a bit more than 70 ha worldwide
- Even considering 4x productivity comparing to conventional greenhouses, the supply from vertical farms is still less than 0.1%
- Vertical farming is still a niche industry

Vertical farms vs greenhouses, ha



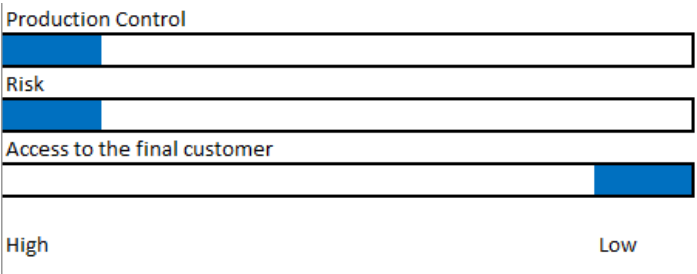
# How 'novel' is vertical farming system?

- The technology is old,
- but its success depends on the **business model**, suitable to the context of application





# Build-Own-Operate (BOO)



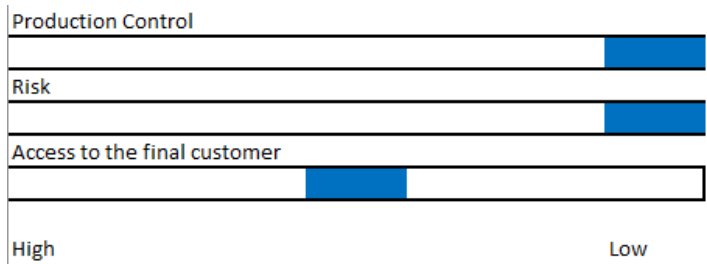
Target market	B2B and B2C Retail, HoReCa
Produce price range	Mass product Greenhouse produce price + premium
Competition	Greenhouse produce
Location	Usually, warehouses, outside the city
Risk	***
Advantages	Control of the whole VC Scalable In-house product dev-t
Disadvantages	CAPEX High risk Needs spec. expertise





# Build-Own-Lease (BOL)

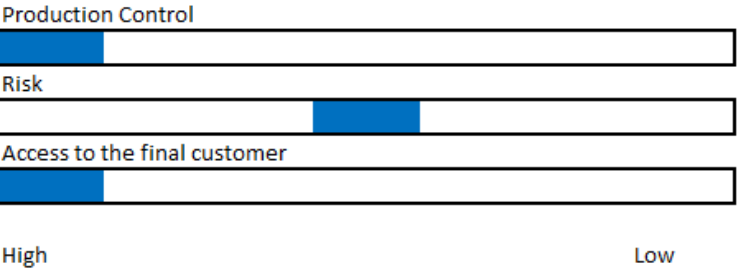
## Renting out technology



Target market	B2B HoReCa
Produce price range	--
Competition	---
Location	In urban area, hotels & restaurants
Risk	*
Advantages	Scalable and mobile Close to the final consumer Decreased production risks
Disadvantages	Less control over the process



# Build-Lease-Operate (BLO) Service farming



Target market	B2B Retail
Produce price range	Competitive
Competition	Locally grown produce
Location	In retail
Risk	**
Advantages	Scalable Retained control over production Decreased sales risk
Disadvantages	Low margins





# Key Success Factors



Market: unique product, daily, fresh, healthy food

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Price should be competitive with other market alternatives

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Market access, short logistics

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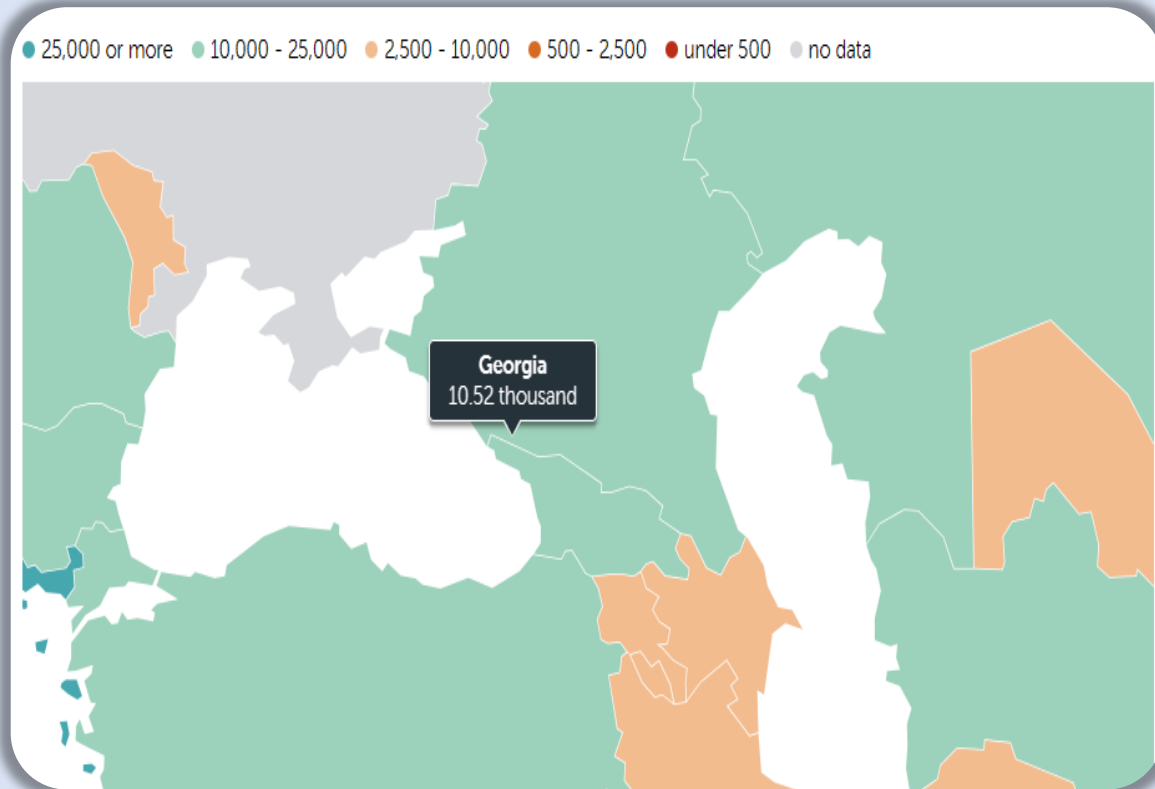


Distribution: Availability of urban infrastructure

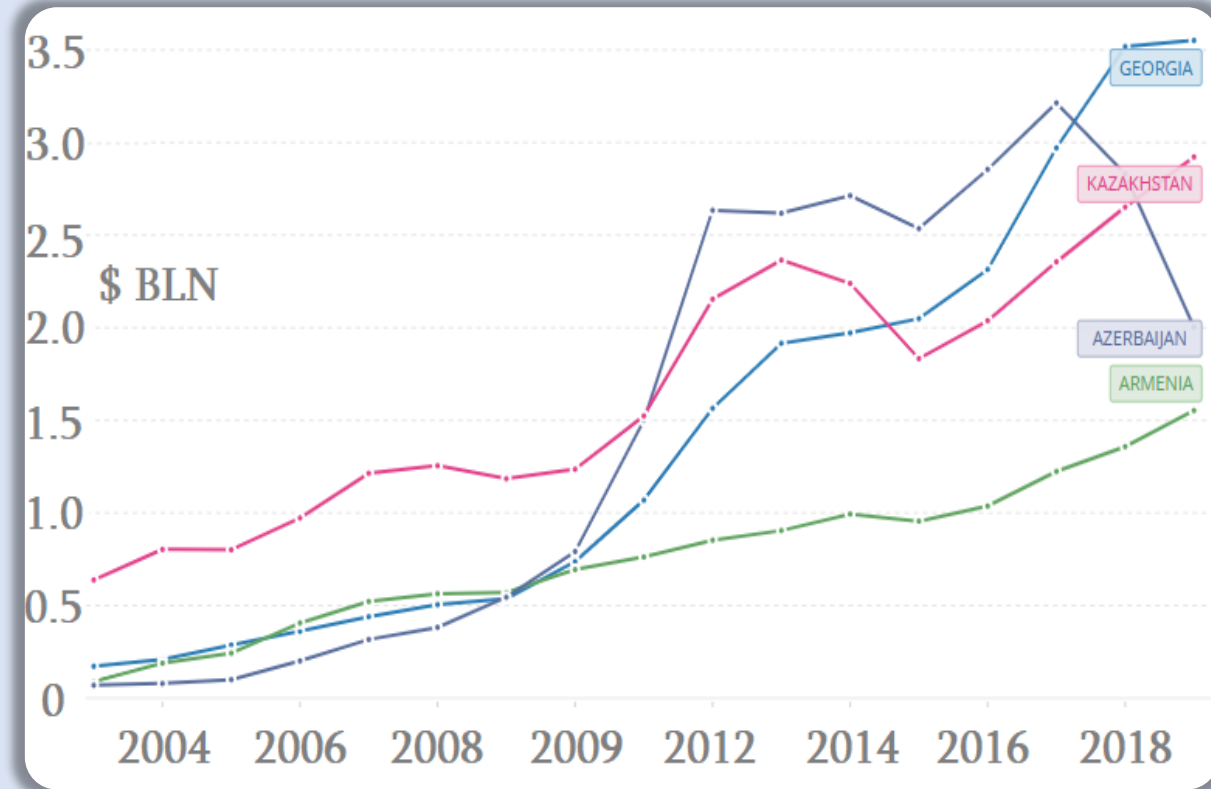
# Why Georgia? - General factors

**Rising** income of local consumers & rising income from tourism

\$10k GDP per capita in 2027 (IMF)



\$3.55 BLN from inbound tourism (WB)



# Why Georgia? - General factors

Buyers' market is **growing**, while the local supply is stable

Fast development of hotels and restaurants  
(2014-2021, GeoStat)

Investments \$750 MLN



Turnover \$4500 MLN



Record turnover in **2022** \$815 MLN

Fast development of retail  
(TBC Capital)

FMCG revenue from \$3 BLN in 2019 to \$6 BLN in 2022



Stalled local supply of Greens  
(2014-2022, GeoStat, EastFruit, MoF)

Production ⇒



Import ↑



Export ⇒



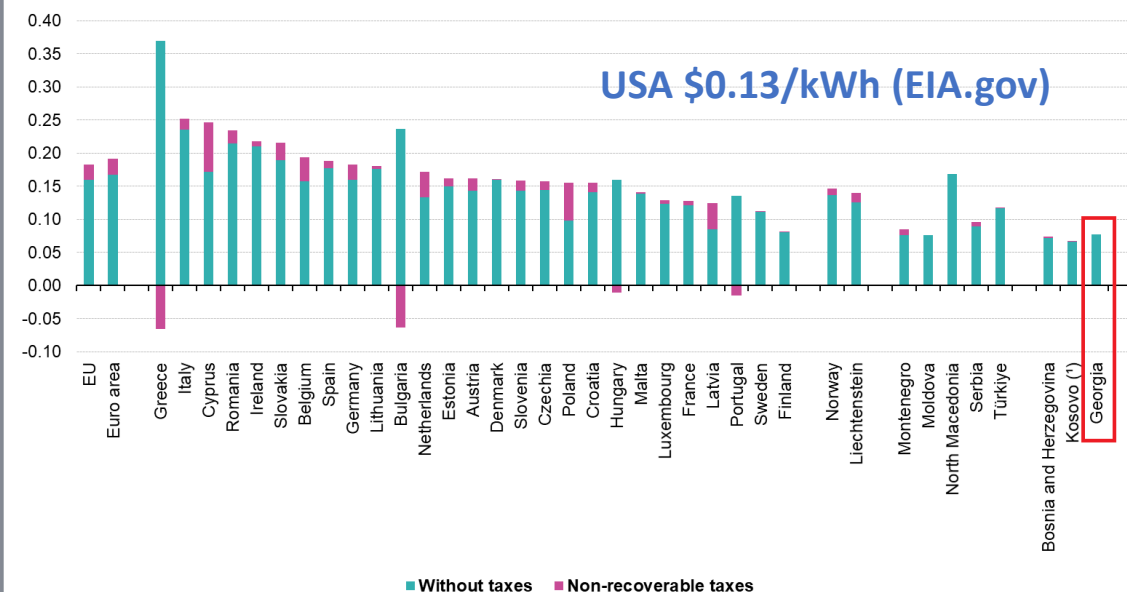


# More specific factors - inputs

Main inputs are **cheaper** in Georgia

Cheaper electricity & labor – Average wage in Georgia in 2022 amounted to \$600

Electricity prices for non-household consumers, first half 2022  
(€ per kWh)

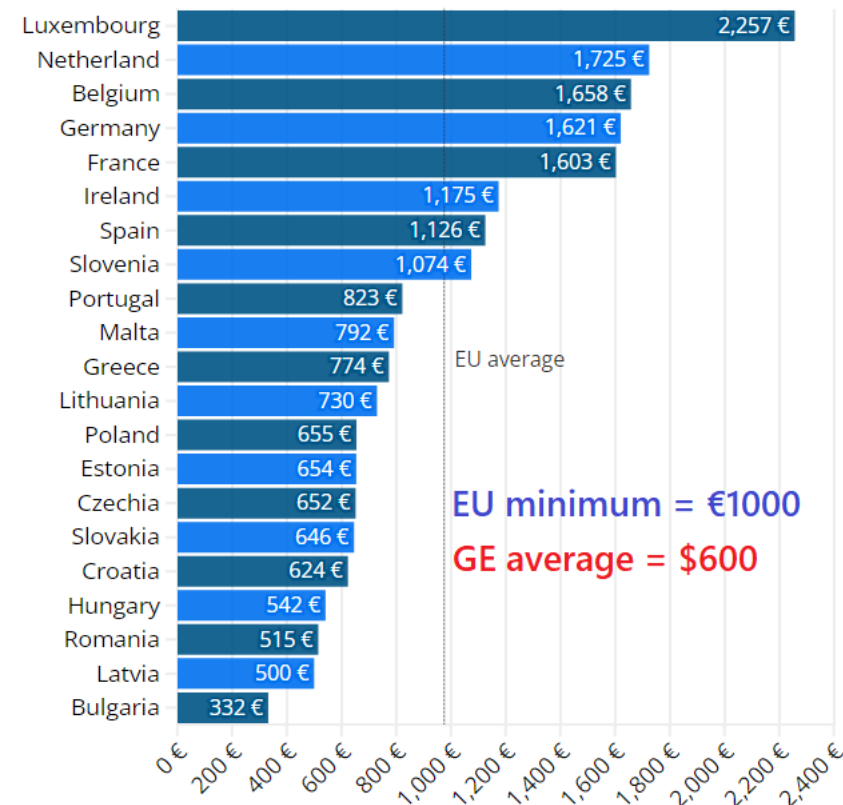


(\*) This designation is without prejudice to positions on status, and is in line with UNSCR 1244/1999 and the ICJ Opinion on the Kosovo Declaration of Independence.

Source: Eurostat (online data codes: nrg\_pc\_205)

eurostat

Monthly minimum wages across EU countries  
1 January 2022, in €



Source: Eurostat

euronews.

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## More specific factors - outputs

Georgian customers are paying **more**



### Romaine lettuce 1kg

GE ≈17 GEL (Soplidan.ge)

USA ≈13 GEL (Amazon)

### Iceberg lettuce 1kg

GE 9-11 GEL (Soplidan.ge, Goodwill)

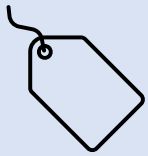
USA 7-9 GEL (Amazon)



# Factors - results from the local survey

**All local farms want to expand or have already expanded**

Planned numbers are **close** to actual numbers



**Prices for three farms are very close ( $\pm 2\%$ ) to the expected**

One farm got 2-10% lower prices than planned



**Operational expenses are very close ( $\pm 2\%$ ) for two farms**

For other two they are 2-10% higher



**For two farms sales volumes are very close ( $\pm 2\%$ ) to the expected**

Other two report 2-10% lower than planned



# Investing in vertical farm in Georgia

Farming in a **building**



## Results from calculator by iFarm

		Prices 1kg = \$15 1pot = \$0.8		Prices 1kg = \$20 1pot = \$1.2	
Farm size, m2	Investment amount, \$1000	Monthly EBITDA, \$1000	Payback, years	Monthly EBITDA, \$1000	Payback, years
150	\$ 300	\$ 2	10	\$ 5	5
250	\$ 550	\$ 8	5	\$ 15	3
350	\$ 750	\$ 13	4	\$ 25	2
450	\$ 800	\$ 16	4	\$ 30	2

- Room height 3.5m
- Building excluded
- Investment per m<sup>2</sup> \$1,800+
- Profit (EBITDA) per m<sup>2</sup> \$20-\$55

# Investing in vertical farm in Georgia

**SPOTS by SPACEFARMS®**



## Innovative offer from the local SpaceFarms

<u>Monthly</u>	Amount	Unit
Yield	688	Plants
Electricity cost	18	\$
Rent & maintenance	800	\$
<b>Profit</b>	<b>576</b>	<b>\$</b>

- Floor size: 2m<sup>2</sup>
- Rent includes seedlings
- Estimated annual profit:  
\$6,000-\$7,000

Thank you for attention